

State Tax Incentives for LTC Insurance

Many states offer tax incentives to encourage the purchase of LTCi. Below is a general summary of state specific tax information for your reference. The information in this flyer is current through December 2006 and is subject to change.

- AL** Deduction for amount of the premium paid for qualifying guaranteed renewable LTCi policy.
- AK***
- AZ***
- AR****
- CA** Deduction—Max amount deductible based on sliding scale, increased each year to account for inflation. Residents who need LTC services for at least 180 days can qualify for a \$500 tax credit as long as their adj. gross income does not exceed \$100,000.
- CO** Credit for taxpayer & taxpayer's spouse in an amount equal to 25% of total premiums paid during tax year, up to \$150 for each policy. Available to taxpayers with federal taxable income <\$50,000 or two individuals filing a joint return with taxable income <\$50,000 if credit is claimed for one policy, joint filers with income of <\$100,000 if credit is claimed for two policies.
- CT***
- DE****
- DC** Deduction—Not to exceed \$500 per year, per individual for annual premiums paid for LTC.
- FL***
- GA****
- HI** Deduction—Same as federal tax law, except subject to 7.5% of HI adj. gross income, instead of federal adj. gross income.
- ID** For taxable years beginning January 1, 2004 and after, the full amount of the premium paid by a taxpayer for LTCi which is for the benefit of the taxpayer, a dependent of the taxpayer or an employee of a taxpayer can be deducted from taxable income to the extent the premium is not otherwise deducted by taxpayer.
- IL***
- IN** Deduction up to full cost of premium paid for qualified LTCi for taxpayer & taxpayer's spouse.
- IA****
- KS** For tax years beginning in 2005, a subtraction from federal adj. gross income for \$500 in the tax year 2005, increasing each year by \$100 until 2010. After 2010, it is a \$1000 subtraction from the federal adj. gross income for premium costs for qualified LTCi.
- KY** Deduction from adj. gross income allowed for any amount paid during the tax year for LTC premiums.
- LA***
- ME** Deduction of full premium for individual taxpayers. Applies to premiums paid for LTCi policies that have been certified by the DOI. Deduction is limited to extent the premiums are not claimed as an itemized deduction on federal tax return. For employers, a credit is allowed against the tax imposed for each taxable year equal to the lowest of the following: (A) \$5000; (B) 20% of the costs incurred by the taxpayer in providing LTC policy coverage as part of the benefit package; or (C) \$100 for each employee covered by an employer-sponsored LTC policy.
- MD** Credit—Taxpayer is allowed a one-time credit against the state income tax in an amount equal to 100% of eligible LTCi premium paid. The credit may not exceed \$500 for each insured, may not be claimed by more than one taxpayer with respect to the same individual and may not be claimed if the insured was covered by LTCi before July 1 2000. No carryover is allowed. For employers, a credit up to an amount equal to 5% of the costs incurred by the employer during the taxable year for providing LTCi as part of the benefit package. The credit may not exceed \$5000 or \$100 for each employee covered by LTCi under the benefit package.
- MA***
- MI***
- MN** Credit allowed for LTCi premiums equal to the lesser of: (1) 25% of premiums paid to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income; or (2) \$100.
- MS****
- MO** Deduction—taxpayers may deduct 50% of all nonreimbursed amounts paid for qualified LTCi premiums to the extent such amounts are not included in itemized deductions.
- MT** Deduction for entire amount of qualified LTCi premiums covering taxpayer, taxpayer's parents, grandparents & dependents provided insured is a MT resident. Credit allowed for qualified elder care expenses paid by an individual for care of a qualified family member. Premiums paid for LTCi coverage for qualifying family member are included in qualified elder care expenses. Credit not allowed if premium deduction is taken.
- NE****
- NV***
- NH***
- NJ** Deduction of LTCi premiums may be taken if they exceed 2% of adj. gross income and cannot be reimbursed.
- NM** Deduction for LTCi premiums may be taken if not already itemized on their federal tax return. The following deduction amounts are allowed (married, filing jointly): Adj. gross income <\$30,000, a 25% deduction, \$30,000-\$70,000, a 15% deduction, and >\$70,000, a 10% deduction. Deduction amounts allowed (single or married, filing separately): Adj. gross income <\$15,000, a 25% deduction, \$15,000-\$35,000, a 15% deduction, and >\$35,000, a 10% deduction. Deduction amounts allowed (head of household): Adj. gross income <\$20,000, a 25% deduction, \$20,000-\$50,000, a 15% deduction, and >\$50,000, a 10% deduction. Same schedule applies for all premiums or LTC services not covered under the federal tax law.
- NY** Credit for 20% of premium paid for qualifying LTCi premiums. Taxpayer is permitted to carry over to future tax years any credit amount in excess of taxpayer's tax liability for the year. Employers are eligible for a **credit** equal to 20% of the premiums paid during the tax year for the purchase of, or for continuing coverage under, a LTCi policy. The credit is not refundable and the credit may not reduce the tax to less than the minimum tax due.
- NC***
- ND** Credit allowed for premiums paid on LTCi for taxpayer, taxpayer's spouse, parent, step parent or children in an amount equal to 25% of the premium costs, up to \$100.
- OH** Deduction of federally qualified LTCi premiums for taxpayer, taxpayer's spouse and dependents to the extent deduction is not allowed in computing federal adj. gross income.
- OK****
- OR** Credit equal to the lesser of 15% of premiums paid during the tax year or \$500 for LTCi coverage for individual, dependent or parents. For employers, a credit of \$500 is allowed for each employee covered by an employer-sponsored policy.
- PA***
- RI****
- SC****
- SD***
- TN***
- TX***
- UT** Deduction for LTCi premiums to the extent the amount paid for LTCi are not deducted in determining federal income tax.
- VT****
- VA** Credit—Taxpayer allowed 15% credit for LTCi premiums paid provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes. Any unused credit may be carried over against the income taxes in the next five years or until the full credit is used.
- WA***
- WV** Deduction for LTCi premiums covering taxpayer, taxpayer's spouse, parents & dependents to the extent the amount paid for LTCi is not deducted in determining federal income tax.
- WI** Deduction allowed for taxpayer & taxpayer's spouse for 100% of the amount paid for a LTCi policy to the extent the same deduction is not taken for federal income tax purposes.
- WY***

* No Credit Or Deduction. No Broad-Based State Income Tax.
** Same As Federal Tax Law

Taxpayers may need to meet state specific requirements to qualify for deductions or credits for LTCi. For information regarding the tax liability of a case, consultation with a tax consultant or legal advisor is recommended.